

## The three branches of government are:

- Judicial
  - o The role of the Judicial branch is to interpret the law. They also review lower-court decisions.
- Legislative
  - o The Role of the Legislative branch is to make laws. They grant money, declare war, appointed treaties, and confirms presidential appointments.
- Executive
  - Last but <u>most important</u> is the Executive branch. This branch proposes laws, administers the laws, command armed forces, appoints ambassadors and other officials, conduct foreign policy, and make treaties.

## Checks and Balances of the three branches:

- Executive branch:
  - The Executive branch checks on the Legislative branch by vetoing bills or adjourning congress in certain situations.
  - o They check on the Judicial branch by appointing judges.
- Judicial branch:
  - o The Judicial branch checks on the Executive branch by declaring some of their acts unconstitutional.
  - o They check on the Legislative by declaring some of their laws unconstitutional.
- Legislative branch:
  - o The Legislative branch is the check master. They check on the executive in many ways.
  - o They can reject their appointments, reject treaties, withhold funding for president initiatives, impeach the president, and override the president's veto.
  - o They can check on the Judicial branch by impeaching Supreme Court justices, and proposes constitutional amendments to overrule judicial decisions.
  - o The President gets elected by electoral votes. The citizens vote for who they want as the president and the Electoral College usually goes by the citizens' choice.
  - o Congress elected Supreme Court justices.

## Three Branches of Government FEDERAL LEVEL











