

Lesson 59: Solving Expressions

Purpose of lesson: You will learn about **algebra** and how to use **algebra**.



*You can solve multiplication expressions, too.
But there is one thing you need to learn.
When a number and a letter are together (such as
"2n") it means multiply!*

Here are some examples to help;

Solve each expression if $n = 3$

a) $3n$

3 (times) $n =$

3 (times) $3 = \underline{9}$.

b) $7n$

7 (times) $n =$

7 (times) $3 = \underline{21}$.

c) $10n$

10 (times) $n =$

10 (times) $3 = \underline{30}$.

Now you try some.

Take Lesson 59 Quiz 1



In algebra, multiplication can also be shown by parentheses(), like
this:
 $2(6)$ which means 2 (times) 6. The answer is 12.

Let's try some more:

Take Lesson 59 Quiz 2